

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE
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Resource Assessment and Conservation Engineering Division
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F/AKC1:NP

NOAA SHIP MILLER FREEMAN
Cruise No. 92-02
Echo Integration-Midwater Trawl Survey
of Pollock in the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska
Preliminary Cruise Results

CRUISE PERIOD, AREA AND SCHEDULE

Scientists from the Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC) conducted an echo integration-midwater trawl (EIMWT) survey of walleye pollock (Theragra chalcogramma) aboard the NOAA ship Miller Freeman from February 21 to April 1, 1992 for a total of 40 sea days. The cruise began and ended in Kodiak, Alaska. The areas of operations included the southeast Bering Sea shelf, basin waters near Bogoslof Island, offshore waters near Sanak and Chirikof Islands, the Marmot Gully, and shelf regions southeast of Kodiak Island and the Shelikof Strait area.

The vessel's itinerary was as follows:

Leg 1

		109 1							
Feb	21	Departed Kodiak; calibrated system in Ugak Bay.							
Feb	22	Surveyed near Chirikof Island.							
Feb	23-25	Transited to Bering Sea shelf.							
Feb	25-29	Surveyed southeast Bering Sea shelf.							
Feb	29-Mar 8	Surveyed Bogoslof Island region.							
Mar	9	Surveyed area near Sanak Island.							
Mar	9-11	Transited to Kodiak; vessel arrived.							
Mar	12	Inported Kodiak.							
		Leg 2							
Mar	13	Departed Kodiak.							
Mar	13-14	Surveyed Marmot Gully area.							
Mar	14-17	Surveyed area southeast of Kodiak Island.							
Mar	18-19	First survey of small area southwest of Chirikof Island.							
Mar	19-25	First survey of Shelikof Strait.							

- Mar 25-27 Calibrated system in Malina Bay. Second survey of portion of Shelikof Strait (spawning aggregation).
- Mar 27-29 Second survey of area southwest of Chirikof Island in response to reports of spawning aggregation.
- Mar 30-31 Third survey of Shelikof Strait to obtain maturity and ichthyoplankton samples.
- Mar 31-Apr 1 Transited to Kodiak; cruise ended.

OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of the cruise were to:

- 1. Collect echo integration data and midwater and demersal trawl data necessary to determine the distribution, biomass, and biological composition of walleye pollock in the area of operations.
- 2. Collect pollock tissue samples (gonad and liver) for stock structure studies.
- 3. Calibrate the acoustic system using standard sphere techniques.
- 4. Record observations of lamprey scars on pollock flesh as part of a study to determine the use of lamprey scars as a tag in stock structure research.
- 5. Collect samples of cephalopods for a marine mammal prey study.
- 6. Collect stomach contents data for the food habits studies.
- 7. Spawn mature pollock from the Bogoslof Island and Shelikof Strait areas and culture fertilized pollock eggs for laboratory experiments on larval pollock growth rate and metabolism.
- 8. Collect temperature and salinity profile data in areas of pollock abundance.
- 9. Collect ichthyoplankton samples in selected areas to detect the presence of pollock eggs. Collect zooplankton samples for immunoassay studies of pollock egg predation.
- 10. Collect whole pollock samples for use in a study of the feeding energetics of sea lions.

VESSEL, ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT, AND TRAWL GEAR

The survey was conducted on board the NOAA ship $\underline{\text{Miller Freeman}}$, a 66 m (216-foot) stern trawler equipped for fisheries and oceanographic research. Acoustic data were collected with a

quantitative echo sounding system (Simrad EK500¹). A Simrad 38 kHz split beam transducer was mounted on the distal end of the vessel's centerboard. The transducer is at a depth of 10 m below the surface of the water when the centerboard is fully extended. System electronics were housed in a portable laboratory mounted on the weather deck of the vessel. Data from the Simrad EK500 echo sounder/receiver were processed using Simrad BI500 echo integration and target strength data analysis software on a SUN workstation.

Midwater echo sign was sampled using a modified Northern Gold 1200 midwater rope trawl (NET Systems, Inc.). The trawl was constructed with ropes in the forward section and stretch mesh sizes ranging from 163 cm (64 inches) immediately behind the rope section to 8.9 cm (3.5 inches) in the cod end. It was fished in a bridleless configuration and was fitted with a 3.2 cm (1.25 inch) mesh cod end liner. Headrope and footrope lengths were 94.5 m (310 ft.) and 50 m (164 ft.), respectively, and the breastlines measured 79.4 m (260.5 ft.). The headrope length was measured between the points of attachment to the breastline. footrope length was measured between the points where the tom weights are attached. The net was fished with 1.8 m X 2.7 m (6 ft. X 9 ft.) steel V-doors (1000 kg [2200 lb.]), and 340 kg (750 lb.) tom weights on each side. Trawl mouth opening and depth were monitored with a Furuno wireless netsounder system attached to the headrope of the trawl.

Two additional trawls were used to sample fish under different circumstances. Fish on and near bottom were sampled with a nylon Noreastern demersal trawl equipped with 31.1 m (102 ft.) long roller gear and 54.8 m (30 fm) triple dandylines. Net mesh sizes ranged from 12.7 cm (5 inches) in the body and 8.9 cm (3.5 inches) in the intermediate and codend to 3.2 cm (1.25 inch) in the codend liner. Headrope and footrope lengths were 27.4 and 32.0 m (90 ft. and 105 ft.), respectively. Smaller organisms and juvenile fish in midwater were sampled with a Marinovich midwater trawl, with meshes measuring 7.6 cm (3.0 inches) forward, 3.2 cm in the codend, and 0.32 cm (1/8 inch) in the codend liner. Headrope and footrope lengths were each 9.1 m (30 ft.). Marinovich trawl and the nylon Noreastern demersal trawl were fished with the same steel V-doors used with the rope trawl. Trawl mouth opening and depth were monitored with the Furuno netsounder system.

In the Bogoslof area, ichthyoplankton samples were collected with a 60 cm bongo frame outfitted with a 505 micron mesh net. In the Gulf of Alaska, ichthyoplankton and zooplankton samples were collected using a Tucker Trawl equipped with a 505 micron mesh net. Contents were preserved in a buffered solution of 5% formalin and 95% seawater.

¹ Reference to trade names or commercial firms does not constitute U.S. government endorsement.

Water temperature/salinity profile data were collected at trawl and calibration sites using a Seabird CTD (conductivity/temperature/depth) system. Expendable bathythermographs (XBT) were launched routinely during the survey period to provide additional temperature profile data.

SURVEY METHODS

Survey operations were conducted both day and night. While transecting, vessel speed averaged about 11 knots, with the speed varying between 5 and 12 knots depending upon weather conditions. The acoustic system collected echo integration data and split beam target strength data. Target strength data will be interpreted together with historical target strength information and then used to scale echo integration values to provide estimates of pollock density (kg/m^2) .

Midwater and demersal trawl hauls were made at selected locations to identify echo sign and provide biological samples. average trawling speed was about 3 knots. The vertical net opening for the midwater rope trawl averaged about 20 m and ranged between 17 and 25 m. The net opening for the Marinovich midwater trawl was 4-5 m. The mouth opening was 8-10 m for the nvlon Noreastern demersal trawl when using scope ratios based upon net sounder observation of gear contact with bottom and 4-6 m when using recommended scope ratios. Standard catch sorting and biological sampling procedures were used to provide weight and number by species for each haul. Pollock were further sampled to determine sex, length, body weight, age, maturity, gonad weight, stomach contents, and incidence of lamprey scars. In certain areas, whole pollock samples were frozen for sea lion energetic studies and tissue samples were collected and frozen for stock structure studies.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Standard sphere calibrations

Standard sphere calibrations were conducted in Port Susan on February 9 during Miller Freeman Cruise 92-1, in Ugak Bay, Kodiak Island on February 21 prior to the start of the survey, and in Malina Bay, Kodiak Island on March 25 near the end of the survey. In Ugak Bay, the vessel was anchored fore and aft to keep the ship from moving during the data collection. In Malina Bay, conditions were such that the vessel needed only to be anchored at the bow. Acoustic measurements were made of a copper sphere suspended below the transducer. The standard sphere (38.6 mm diameter) had a known target strength of -33.6 dB. Split beam target strength and echo integration data were collected with the Simrad EK500 system. Data were collected to describe transducer beam pattern characteristics and any variables in system parameters. No significant differences in the acoustic system parameters were observed among the three calibrations.

Biological and oceanographic data collection

Biological data were collected and specimen and tissue samples preserved for all survey areas. Trawl station and catch data from 47 midwater (including 44 rope and 3 Marinovich) and 13 demersal trawl hauls are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska, pollock was the dominant fish species captured in both midwater and demersal trawl hauls (Tables 3-7). Tallies of biological data collected for pollock are presented in Tables 8 and 9. Oceanographic data collection consisted of a total of 48 CTD casts (Table 10) and 17 XBT casts (Table 11). Two bongo tows were made in the Bogoslof Island area (near trawl hauls 24 and 25). Six tucker trawls were made in the Gulf of Alaska - five in the Shelikof Strait where spawning pollock had been captured in trawl hauls and one southwest of Chirikof Island near trawls 56 and 57. Detailed analysis of these samples has not been completed. Approximately 400 kg of pollock were preserved for sea lion energetic studies.

Survey - Leg 1

The survey began near Amak Island in the Bering Sea and proceeded westward to the Islands of Four Mountains. The vessel trackline followed north-south transects positioned north of the Aleutian Chain (Figure 1). East of 166° 30'W longitude, transects were spaced 15 nmi apart and extended to approximately 56° 10'N latitude; west of 166° 30'W, transects were spaced 10 nmi apart and extended to about 55° 00'N. Trackline mileage totalled 2400 East of 164° 45'W over the continental shelf, pollock echo sign was primarily found on or near the bottom. Fish in these aggregations were generally large adults ranging from 40 to 65 cm in length (Figure 2A). West of 164° 45'W, dense midwater aggregations were encountered. These fish were smaller and immature, ranging in size from 30 to 40 cm (Figure 2B). no active spawning was observed on the shelf, most of the large adult pollock (>40 cm) were in a mature reproductive state (Figure 3A).

Dense concentrations of pollock were encountered in the southeastern Aleutian Basin near Bogoslof Island. aggregations were found at a depth of 400-500 meters from the The fish ranged in length from 40 to 60 cm (Figure 2C). Preliminary analysis of acoustic data from the Bogoslof Island area indicates that the biomass is similar to the winter 1991 The majority of the fish were in a mature reproductive condition ready to spawn. The average gonado-somatic index (GSI) for mature (prespawning) female pollock from the Bogoslof Island region was significantly larger than that for mature female fish from the eastern Bering Sea (Figure 3B). These data imply that spawning occurs first in the Bogoslof Island region and then later in waters over the continental shelf. As of the last day of surveying near Bogoslof Island on March 8, no significant quantities of actively spawning female fish had been captured in the trawl. However, ichthyoplankton samples in the vicinity of hauls 24 and 25 near Bogoslof Island contained pollock eggs indicating that some spawning had occurred.

The offshore waters near Sanak Island and Chirikof Island were also surveyed during this leg (Figure 1). Low density aggregations of pollock were observed near Sanak Island; no significant echo sign from pollock was observed near Chirikof Island.

Survey - Leg 2

During March 13 to April 2, RACE scientists completed an echo integration/midwater trawl survey of Marmot Bay, the east side of Kodiak Island, the area near Chirikof Island, and Shelikof Strait (Figures 4 and 5). As has been typical of other surveys on the east side of Kodiak Island, significant quantities of pollock were observed only in the Marmot Bay area. Only a few isolated midwater schools were observed in the Chiniak and Barnabas Gully areas. Before the survey in Shelikof, a brief survey was conducted in areas near Chirikof Island and, as before, no significant pollock sign was observed. (A larger area southwest of Chirikof Island was surveyed later in the cruise in response to reports of pollock aggregations from commercial fishing vessels; see below.)

The survey of the prespawning pollock in the Shelikof Strait area indicated a distribution similar to that observed in recent years, with the densities highest in the northern part of the Strait, on the northwest side, near Kuliak Point. Abundance in the prespawning aggregation within Shelikof Strait appears to be about the same, or slightly higher than last year. Examination of length composition indicates a mode at about 36 cm and another at about 50 cm (Figure 6A). The former mode is probably comprised mainly of fish from the 1988 year class. Few fish in the size range of one to two year old pollock were observed within the Strait. The length composition of pollock observed southwest of the entrance to the Strait was dominated by a 36 cm mode (Figure 6B). Many of the fish of this length were observed in small, dense feeding schools. In Marmot Bay (Figure 6C), two size modes were observed - one at about 36 cm and the other at about 55 cm.

In all areas surveyed, pollock less than about 42 cm were almost all immature (Figure 7). These results indicate that very few of the 1988 year class are contributing to spawning in Shelikof Strait. The survey of the dense spawning concentration near Kuliak point appeared to occur during the peak of spawning. Of the females captured during March 25-26 (trawl stations 52, 53, and 54), 27% were categorized as spawning and only 5% were spent (already having spawned). In constrast, 65% were spawning and 29% were spent by March 31 (haul 60). GSI values observed for mature (prespawning) female pollock during Leg 2 (Figure 8) were similar to those observed for similar-sized fish in the Bogoslof area during Leg 1.

In response to fishing vessel reports of a large school of spawning pollock in an area southwest of Chirikof Island (Figure 4), RACE scientists conducted a survey of an area approximately 40 by 50 miles including all locations reported to contain

pollock concentrations. Although a scattering layer was observed in the same depth ranges as reported by the fishing vessels, no echo sign believed to be pollock was observed. The catch in two rope trawls and a single smaller midwater trawl (Marinovich) was comprised primarily of myctophids and other small organisms, but no pollock. A tucker trawl in the layer resulted in catches of primarily large copepods and some small myctophids, but no pollock eggs or larvae.

SCIENTIFIC PERSONNEL

Name Nat	Sex/ ionality	Position	Organization
	Leg 1 (Fe	eb 21 - Mar 11)	
Neal Williamson Dan Twohig Taina Honkalehto Denise McKelvey Dennis Benjamin Stephen de Blois Robin Harrison William Flerx	M/USA M/USA F/USA F/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA	Chief Scientist Electronics Tech. Fish. Biologist Biological Tech. Biological Tech. Fish. Biologist Fish. Biologist Fish. Biologist	AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC
	Leg 2 (Ma	ar 13 - Apr 1)	
Jim Traynor Dan Twohig Ed Nunnallee Matt Wilson Dennis Benjamin Stephen de Blois Richard Brodeur	M/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA M/USA	Chief Scientist Electronics Tech. Fish. Biologist Fish. Biologist Biological Tech. Fish. Biologist Fish. Biologist	AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC AFSC

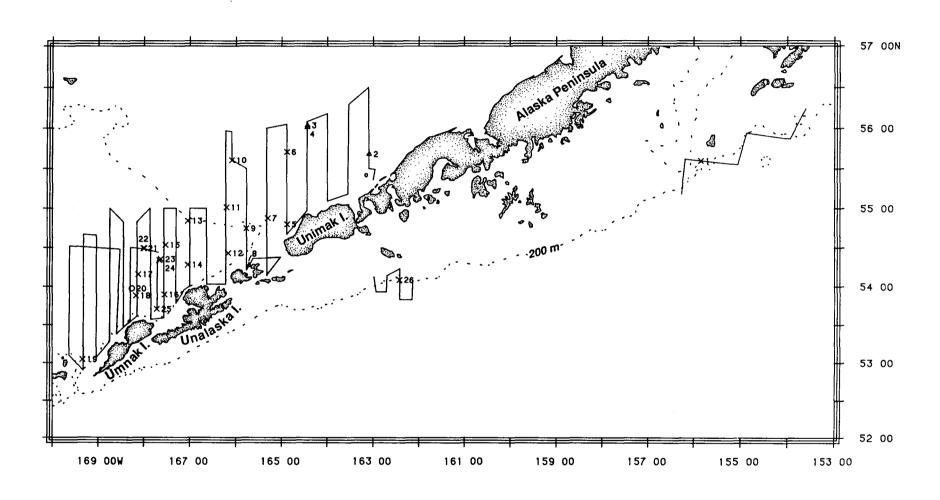
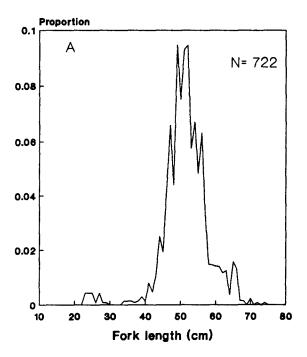


Figure 1. Survey trackline and trawl haul locations for the winter EIMWT survey of the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska, MF92-2, leg 1. Rope trawl (x), bottom trawl (\(\Delta \)), and Marinovich trawl (0).



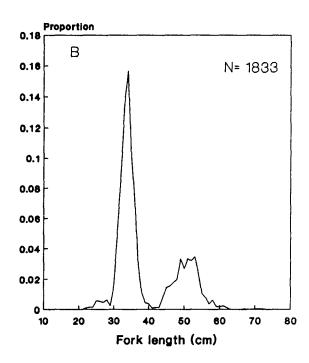
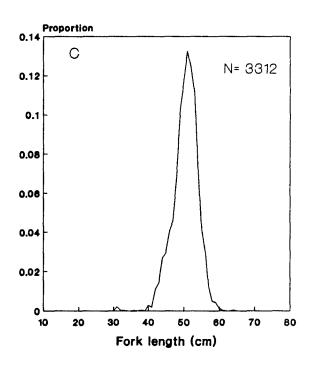
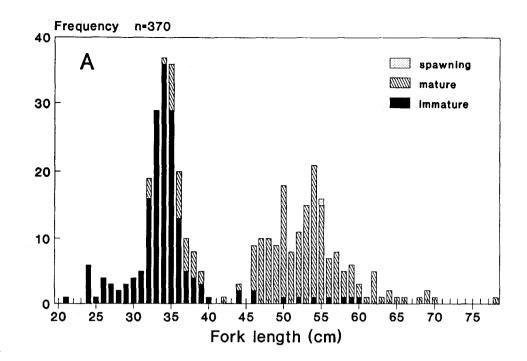


Figure 2. Preliminary pollock size compositions from A) bottom and B) midwater trawl catches on the EBS shelf and C) midwater trawl catches in the Bogoslof Island region, MF92-2.





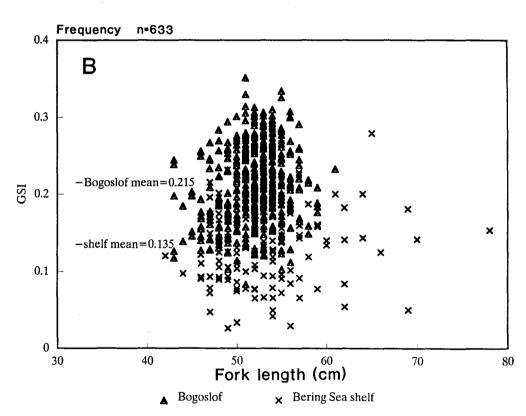


Figure 3. A) Female pollock maturity-length composition from the EBS shelf, and B) gonado-somatic index vs. length scatterplot for mature (prespawning) females from the EBS shelf and Bogoslof Island region. Relative proportion by size for maturity-length composition reflects the number of maturity samples collected and is not indicative of actual size composition of the population.

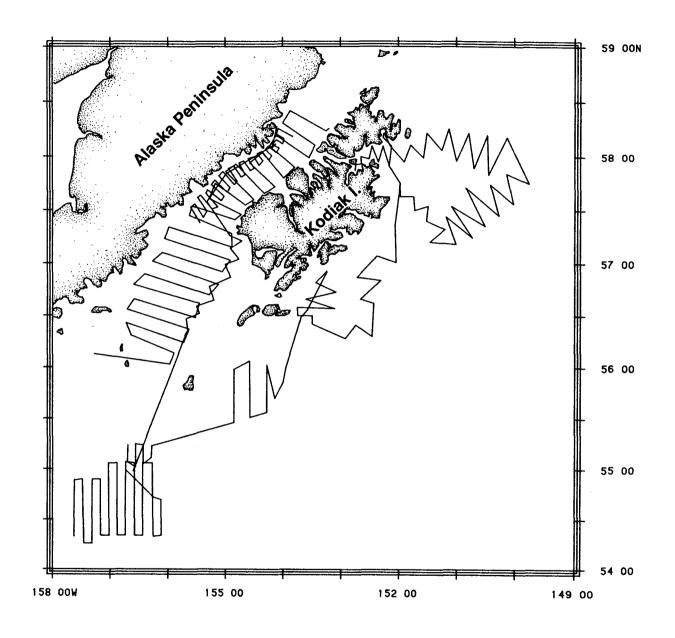


Figure 4. Survey trackline for the winter EIMWT survey of the Gulf of Alaska, MF92-2 leg 2.

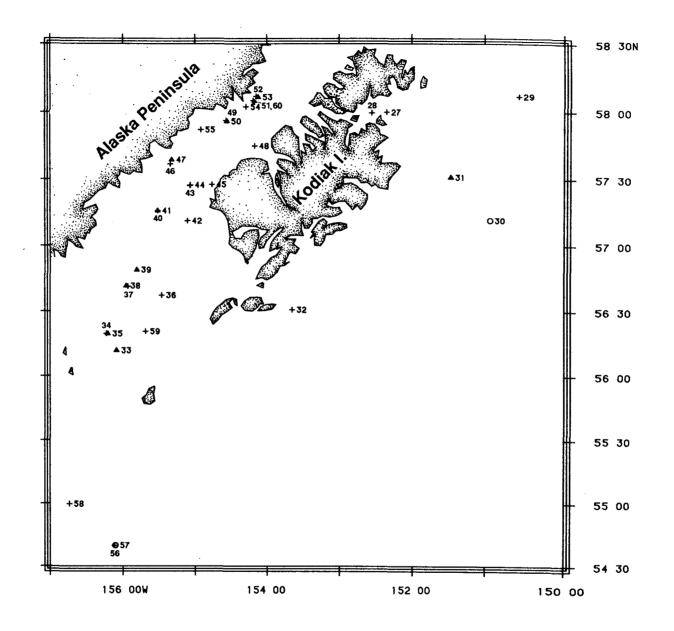
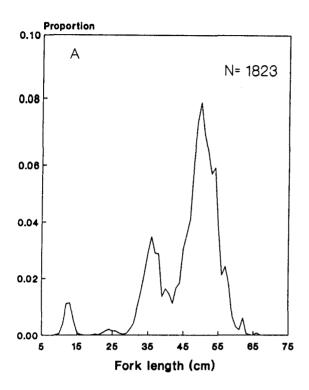


Figure 5. Trawl haul locations for the winter EIMWT survey of the Gulf of Alaska, MF92-2 leg 2. Rope trawl (x), bottom trawl (\(\Delta \)), and Marinovich trawl (o).



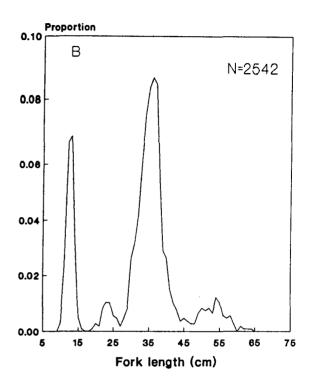
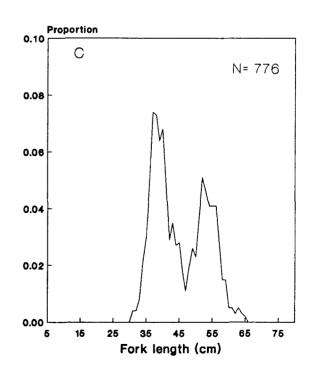
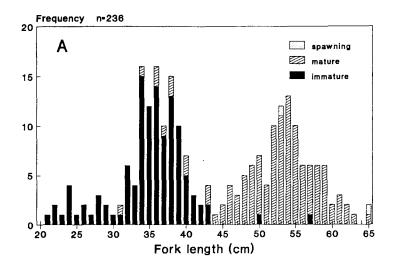
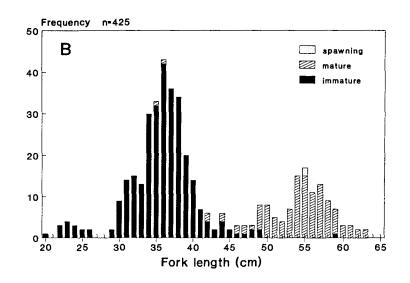


Figure 6. Preliminary pollock size compositions from A)
Shelikof prespawning aggregation, B) southwest of the entrance to Shelikof Strait and C) Marmot Bay.







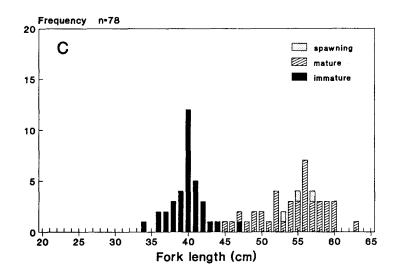


Figure 7. Female pollock maturity-length composition from A) Shelikof prespawning aggregation,
B) southwest of the entrance to Shelikof Strait and C) Marmot Bay.
Relative proportion by size reflects the number of maturity samples collected and is not indicative of actual size composition of the population.

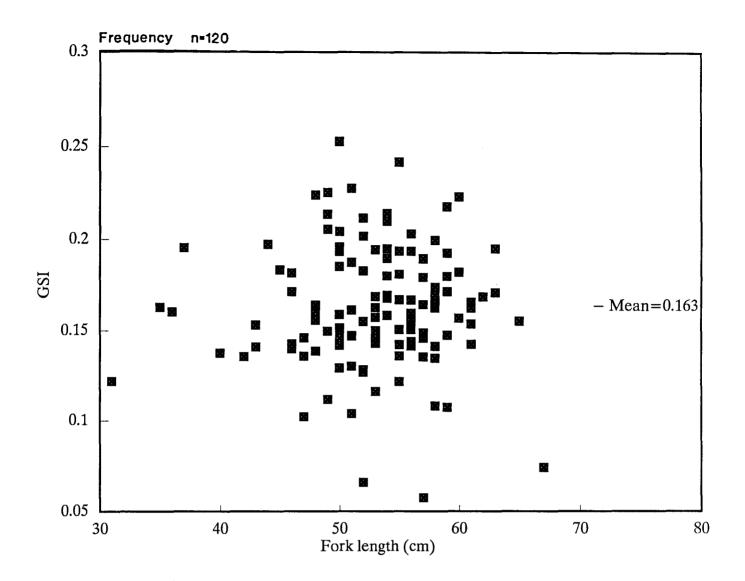


Figure 8. Gonado-somatic index vs. length scatterplot for mature (prespawning) female pollock from the Gulf of Alaska.

Table 1. Summary of trawl stations and catch data from the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2, leg 1.

										CATCH (L	BS/NOS.)
HAUL		DATE	TIME		POSITION	TEMP	· ·	DEPTH	(FM)	WALLEYE	
NO.	AREA	(1992)	(AST)	<u>LAT. (N)</u>	LONG. (W)	GEAR	SURF	GEAR	BOTM	POLLOCK	OTHER
1	СН	22 FEB	1949-2008	55 35.9	155 51.3	4.1	4.0	30	104	0	24/2505
* 2	BS	25 FEB	1221-1236	55 40.9	163 5.8	2.0	2.0	40	40	11467/4962	333/236
* 3	BS	26 FEB	1308-1323	56 2.1	164 26.4	3.1	1.5	52	52	134/57	352/151
* 4	BS	26 FEB	1415-1430	56 0.7	164 26.5	3.1	1.5	52	52	2019/809	984/388
5	BS	27 FEB	0140-0210	54 47.9	164 53.0	3.0	1.9	34	39	3898/1791	342/100
6	BS	27 FEB	0921-0936	55 42.5	164 53.3	4.1	1.9	51	55	8792/10270	341/89
7	BS	27 FEB	2116-2141	54 52.5	165 18.1	2.7	2.1	36	68	97/48	T/0
* 8	BS	28 FEB	1019-1047	54 16.4	165 42.8	3.1	2.8	52	52	461/1865	52/33
9	BS	28 FEB	1633-1709	54 44.7	165 46.3	4.0	2.2	90	121	2046/3727	0
10	BS	29 FEB	0215-0217	55 36.3	166 5.5	4.0	1.8	49	68	4410/7625	0
11	BS	29 FEB	1150-1212	55 0.8	166 12.6	4.0	2.0	66	78	1084/1966	33/8
12	BG	29 FEB	1848-1857	54 25.7	166 10.3	3.4	2.6	297	299	1176/510	45/874
13	BS	1 MAR	0827-0837	54 50.5	167 2.7	3.8	2.0	112	164	439/758	3/0
14	BG	1 MAR	2017-2047	54 16.8	167 2.8	3.7	2.4	295	710	82/47	22/222
15	BG	2 MAR	0744-0759	54 32.1	167 32.3	3.9	2.5	268	376	529/210	11/7
16	BG	2 MAR	1446-1514	53 53.7	167 33.6	4.6	3.5	264	850	1620/684	13/151
17	BG	3 MAR	0706-0717	54 9.4	168 7.3	3.8	3.5	201	1155	256/110	11/49
18	BG	3 MAR	1236-1319	53 52.9	168 10.7	4.0	3.7	283	902	4624/2771	26/5
19	BG	5 MAR	0420-0500	53 2.8	169 20.3	3.7	3.9	225	514	1074/434	9/6
+20	BG	6 MAR	1609-1712	53 58.4	168 15.8	3.8	3.3	157	1045	0	2/316
21	BG	6 MAR	2257-2328	54 29.5	168 1.0	3.8	3.6	199	689	1090/490	6/2
22	BG	7 MAR	0119-0159	54 29.5	167 59.8	3.7	3.6	289	677	501/257	6/300
23	BG	7 MAR	1933-1952	54 21.1	167 38.5	3.8	3.7	181	447	9350/3579	0
24	BG	7 MAR	2322-0016	54 20.3	167 40.2	3.8	3.7	286	455	3204/1614	3/41
25	BG	8 MAR	1001-1006	53 42.4	167 43.6	3.7	3.5	159	714	2729/1436	2/3
26	SA	9 MAR	0910-1010	54 5.0	162 25.5	4.4	3.3	208	408	1417/890	102/888

CH=Chirikof, BS=Bering Sea shelf, BG=Bogoslof, SA=Sanak
* Bottom trawl; + Marinovich trawl; all others midwater trawl
T=trace (i.e., <0.5 lb)</pre>

Table 2. Summary of trawl stations and catch data from the Gulf of Alaska during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, Miller Freeman cruise 92-2, leg 2.

							CA'	TCH (LBS/1	NOS.)			
HAUL		DATE	TIME	START P	OSITION	TEMP	(C)	DEPTI	H (FM)	WALLEYE		
NO.	AREA	(1992)	(AST)	LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	GEAR	SURF	GEAR	BOTM	POLLOCK	EULACHON	OTHER
27	MA	13 MAF	2255-2325	57 59.9	152 20.7	4.2	4.3	102	161	11242/4158	37/306	20/7
28	MA	14 MAF	R 0629-0636	57 59.7	152 32.9	3.5	3.6	56	105	1487/1565	T/1	16/2
29	EK	15 MAI	0232-0243	58 6.9	150 32.3	5.3	5.1	48	97	0	0	3/157
+30	EK	16 MAI		57 11.6	150 55.5	5.6	5.4	172	336	0	0	13/394
*31	EK	16 MAF		57 31.0	151 28.0	3.7	3.9	81	81	105/61	0	104/53
32	EK	17 MAF	2324-2330	56 30.7	153 39.0	3.9	3.9	55	77	3607/3083	0	8/3
*33	SH	20 MAI	0152-0217	56 11.7	156 5.1	5.3	3.7	133	133	64/271	2/21	285/133
34	SH	20 MAF	0827-0912	56 19.6	156 13.4	5.2	3.4	137	153	1610/2018	79/1117	92/246
*35	SH	20 MAI	1108-1125	56 19.5	156 12.3	5.2	3.4	153	153	50/153	37/261	1201/865
36	SH	21 MAF		56 37.3	155 27.6	3.5	3.4	39	80	2046/2445	0	18/6
37	SH	21 MAI		56 41.4	155 55.7	5.4	3.7	135	163	1669/2030	115/1246	64/83
*38	SH	21 MAF		56 41.7	155 57.3	5.3	3.7	163	163	606/1157	136/756	628/241
*39	SH	21 MAF	1819-1830	56 48.9	155 48.5	5.2	3.4	161	161	484/971	30/178	4706/2335
40	SH	22 MAF	1536-1552	57 15.8	155 30.9	5.2	3.6	142	148	1586/1427	57/622	20/49
*41	SH	22 MAF		57 15.8	155 31.0	5.2	3.6	149	149	136/285	451/4956	494/450
42	SH	22 MAF	2322-2327	57 11.2	155 6.4	4.5	4.1	97	122	409/584	42/445	137/27
43	SH	23 MAF		57 27.1	155 4.3	5.1	3.7	117	130	400/555	365/4634	9/19
44	SH	23 MAF		57 27.3	155 4.1	5.2	3.7	127	128	3188/4130	911/7469	1/21
45	SH	23 MAF		57 27.6	154 46.0	3.4	3.8	37	71	2999/3599	0	1/2
46	SH	23 MAF		57 36.8	155 20.4	3.0	2.5	141	174	3535/3726	44/361	12/28
*47	SH	23 MAF		57 38.8	155 19.3	5.2	2.5	174	174	145/529	198/941	851/319
48	SH	24 MAF		57 45.0	154 10.2	4.5	4.0	43	90	8588/8663	T/1	2/2
49	SH	24 MAF		57 56.3	154 33.9	5.2	2.5	122	144	565/459	6/65	2/19
* 50	SH	24 MAF		57 55.9	154 33.4	4.9	2.5	146	146	2262/928	22/233	287/107
51	SH	24 MAF		58 4.2	154 10.5	5.1	1.8	133	153	9600/5246	0	0
52	SH	25 MAF		58 6.8	154 9.1	5.2	3.2	116	164	7309/2913	T/3	11/2
* 53	SH	25 MAF		58 6.5	154 7.5	5.2	3.2	154	154	2890/1085	T/2	320/69
54	SH	26 MAF		58 2.2	154 17.7	5.1	3.7	137	147	2511/1312	2/4	143/6
55	SH	26 MAF	1321-1326	57 52.2	154 55.1	4.8	3.0	130	134	3707/2281	69/807	23/33
56	CH	29 MAF	1013-1130	54 39.8	156 6.9	5.6	4.0	143	1504	0	0	3/75
+57	CH	29 MAF	1422-1452	54 39.9	156 6.3	5.4	4.0	161	1640	0	0	1/323
58	CH	29 MAF	1904-2019	54 59.7	156 44.2	5.7	4.2	119	730	0	0	1/71
59	SH	30 MAF		56 20.6	155 41.1	4.0	3.6	27	41	10585/13102	0	16/2
60	SH	31 MAF	0828-0829	58 4.9	154 11.6	4.9	4.1	109	153	4577/1668	0	3/5

MA=Marmot Bay, EK=East Kodiak, SH=Shelikof, CH=Chirikof * Bottom trawl; + Marinovich trawl; all others midwater trawl T=trace (i.e., <0.5 lb)

Table 3. Summary of catch by species in 7 midwater rope trawls from the eastern Bering Sea shelf during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2.

<u>Species</u>	Weight (lbs.)	<u>Percent</u>	Numbers	<u>Percent</u>
Walleye Pollock (Theragra chalcogramma)	20,764.9	96.6	26,185	99.1
Pacific Cod (Gadus macrocephalus)	304.6	1.4	49	0.2
Jellyfish Unidentified (Scyphozoa)	231.5	1.1	_	_
Rock Sole (Pleuronectes bilineatus)	83.9	0.4	72	0.3
Yellow Irish Lord (<u>Hemilepidotus jordani</u>)	22.5	0.1	14	0.1
Alaska Skate (<u>Bathyraja</u> <u>parmifera</u>)	19.0	0.1	2	<.1
Solaster Unidentified (Solasteridae)	16.0	0.1	4	<.1
Bairdi Tanner Crab (<u>Chionoecetes bairdi</u>)	11.4	0.1	12	<.1
Pacific Halibut (<u>Hippoglossus</u> <u>stenolepis</u>)	7.3	<.1	2	<.1
Flathead Sole (<u>Hippoglossoides</u> <u>elassodon</u>)	7.2	<.1	8	<.1
Smooth Lumpsucker (Aptocyclus ventricosus)	6.0	<.1	1	<.1
Bering Skate (<u>Bathyjaja</u> <u>interrupta</u>)	4.0	<.1	1	<.1
Sturgeon Poacher (Podothecus acipenserinus)	3.4	<.1	19	0.1
Eulachon (<u>Thaleichthys</u> <u>pacificus</u>)	3.2	<.1	33	0.1
Salps Unidentified (Thaliacea)	1.7	<.1	-	
Starfish Unidentified (Asteroidea)	1.0	<.1	5	<.1
Pacific Herring (<u>Clupea</u> <u>pallasi</u>)	0.2	<.1	2	<.1
Hermit Crab Unidentified (Paguridae)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Arrowtooth Flounder (Atheresthes stomias)	0.1	<u><.1</u>	1	_<.1
Totals	21,488.0	100.0	26,411	100.0

Table 4. Summary of catch by species in 4 bottom trawls from the eastern Bering Sea shelf during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2.

<u>Species</u>	Weight <u>(lbs.)</u>	<u>Percent</u>	Numbers	<u>Percent</u>
Walleye Pollock (Theragra chalcogramma)	14,080.2	89.1	7,693	90.5
Jellyfish Unidentified (Scyphozoa)	784.0		7,095	JU.5 -
Rock Sole (<u>Pleuronectes</u> <u>bilineatus</u>)	276.5		320	3.8
Flathead Sole (<u>Hippoglossoides</u> elassodon)	240.0			2.5
Pacific Cod (Gadus macrocephalus)	233.3		61	0.7
Bairdi Tanner Crab (<u>Chionoecetes</u> <u>bairdi</u>)	76.2			1.4
Great Sculpin (Myoxocephalus polyacanthocephalus)	29.5		3	<.1
Yellowfin Sole (Pleuronectes aspera)	27.0		32	0.4
Pacific Halibut (<u>Hippoglossus stenolepis</u>)	15.1	0.1	9	0.1
Giant Octopus (Octopus dofleini)	14.5	0.1	1	<.1
Sponge Unidentified (Porifera)	9.4	0.1	16	0.2
Arrowtooth Flounder (Atheresthes stomias)	4.1	<.1	4	<.1
Starfish Unidentified (Asteroidea)	3.4	<.1	11	0.1
Alaska Plaice (Pleuronectes quadrituberculatus)	2.5	<.1		<.1
Pacific Herring (Clupea pallasi)	1.2	<.1		<.1
Basketstarfish (<u>Gorgonocephalus caryi</u>)	1.0	<.1	2	<.1
Yellow Irish Lord (<u>Hemilepidotus</u> <u>jordani</u>)	0.9	<.1		<.1
Sea Peach (<u>Halocynthia</u> <u>aurantium</u>)	0.5	<.1	1	<.1
Alaska Falsejingle (<u>Pododesmus</u> <u>macroschisma</u>)	0.5	<.1		<.1
Brittlestarfish Unidentified (Ophiuroidea)	0.3	<.1	1	<.1
Green Sea Urchin (<u>Strongylocentrotus</u> <u>droebachiensis</u>)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Tube Worm Unidentified (Polychaeta)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Nudibranch Unidentified (Nudibranchia)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Oregon Triton (<u>Fusitriton</u> <u>oregonensis</u>)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Hermit Crab Unidentified (Paguridae)	0.1	<u><.1</u>	1	<u> < . 1 </u>
Totals	15,800.6	100.0	8,500	100.0

Table 5. Summary of catch by species in 12 midwater rope trawls from the Bogoslof Island region during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2.

<u>Species</u>	Weight <u>(lbs.)</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Percent
Walleye Pollock (Theragra chalcogramma)	26,234.3	99.4	12,142	88.1
Smooth Lumpsucker (Aptocyclus ventricosus)	50.7	0.2	12	0.1
Jellyfish Unidentified (Scyphozoa)	16.8	0.1		-
Lanternfish Unidentified (Myctophidae)	16.8	0.1	834	6.1
Big Skate (Raja binoculata)	10.0	<.1	1	<.1
Chinook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	9.0	<.1	3	<.1
Salps Unidentified (Thaliacea)	8.4	<.1	-	_
Northern Smoothtongue (Leuroglossus schmidti)	8.2	<.1	689	5.0
Twoline Eelpout (Bothrocara brunneum)	6.8	<.1	3	<.1
Pacific Lamprey (Lampetra tridentata)	6.4	<.1	8	0.1
Giant Grenadier (Albatrossia pectoralis)	6.3	<.1	1	<.1
Greenland Turbot (Reinhardtius hippoglossoides)	5.0	<.1	1	<.1
Magistrate Armhook Squid (Berryteuthis magister)	2.8	<.1	1	<.1
Rock Sole (<u>Pleuronectes</u> <u>bilineatus</u>)	2.5	<.1	1	<.1
Squid Unidentified (Teuthoida)	2.3	<.1	28	
Atka Mackerel (<u>Pleurogrammus</u> monopterygius)	0.7	<.1	7	<.1
Sockeye Salmon (<u>Oncorhynchus</u> <u>nerka</u>)	0.4	<.1	1	<.1
Viperfish Unidentified (Stomiidae)	0.3	<.1	3	<.1
Cyclothone Sp. (Gonostomatidae)	0.3	<.1	3	<.1
Glass Shrimp (<u>Pasiphaea</u> <u>pacifica</u>)	0.2	<.1	28	0.2
Deepsea Smelt Unidentified (Bathylagidae)	0.2	<.1	3	<.1
Blackmouth Eelpout (<u>Lycodapus</u> <u>fierasfer</u>)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Comb Jelly Unidentified (Ctenophora)	0.1	<.1	8	<.1
Northern Pearleye (<u>Benthalbella</u> <u>dentata</u>)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Eulachon (<u>Thaleichthys</u> <u>pacificus</u>)	0.1	<u> <.1</u>	2	<u> <.1</u>
Totals	26,388.8	100.0	13,781	100.0

Table 6. Summary of catch by species in 17 midwater rope trawls from Shelikof Strait during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, Miller Freeman cruise 92-2.

<u>Species</u>	Weight (lbs.)	Percent	Numbers	Percent
Walleye Pollock (<u>Theragra chalcogramma</u>)	64,882.5	96.7	56,158	76.4
Eulachon (Thaleichthys pacificus)	1,686.7	2.5	16,770	22.8
Pacific Sleeper Shark (Somniosus pacificus)	255.0	0.4	2	<.1
Big Skate (Raja binoculata)	55.0	0.1	1	<.1
Arrowtooth Flounder (Atheresthes stomias)	54.0	0.1	12	<.1
Magistrate Armhook Squid (Berryteuthis magister)	51.3	0.1	187	0.3
Rougheye Rockfish (Sebastes aleutianus)	33.0	<.1	13	<.1
Pacific Cod (Gadus macrocephalus)	33.0	<.1	5	<.1
Smooth Lumpsucker (Aptocyclus ventricosus)	24.0	<.1	9	<.1
Chinook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	15.5	<.1	13	<.1
Northern Smoothtongue (<u>Leuroglossus</u> <u>schmidti</u>)	15.0	<.1	265	0.4
Jellyfish Unidentified (Scyphozoa)	14.4	<.1	26	<.1
Pink Salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	2.0	<.1	2	<.1
Giant Octopus (Octopus dofleini)	1.5	<.1	1	<.1
Sidestripe Shrimp (Pandalopsis dispar)	0.3	<.1	12	<.1
Flathead Sole (<u>Hippoglossoides</u> <u>elassodon</u>)	0.1	<u><.1</u>	2	<u><.1</u>
Totals	67,123.3	100.0	73,478	100.0

Table 7. Summary of catch by species in 8 bottom trawls from Shelikof Strait during the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2.

<u>Species</u>	Weight (lbs.)	<u>Percent</u>	Numbers	Percent
Walleye Pollock (<u>Theragra chalcogramma</u>)	6,635.9	40.8	5,379	31.2
Arrowtooth Flounder (Atheresthes stomias)	3,277.0	20.1	991	5.7
Dover Sole (Microstomus pacificus)	2,142.9	13.2	838	4.9
Pacific Halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis)	1,176.7	7.2	40	0.2
Eulachon (Thaleichthys pacificus)	874.8	5.4	7,348	
Flathead Sole (<u>Hippoglossoides elassodon</u>)	784.0	4.8	727	4.2
Skate Unidentified (Rajidae)	446.1	2.7	22	0.1
Sablefish (Anoplopoma fimbria)	370.5	2.3	59	0.3
Rougheye Rockfish (Sebastes aleutianus)	145.7	0.9	59	0.3
Magistrate Armhook Squid (Berryteuthis magister)	117.1	0.7	68	0.4
Rex Sole (Errex zachirus)	87.1	0.5	119	0.7
Sidestripe Shrimp (Pandalopsis dispar)	49.7	0.3	1,316	7.6
Bairdi Tanner Crab (Chionoecetes bairdi)	36.9	0.2	37	0.2
Pacific Cod (Gadus macrocephalus)	34.3	0.2	7	<.1
Sea Anemone Unidentified (Actiniaria)	26.5	0.2	118	0.7
Shortspine Thornyhead (<u>Sebastolobus</u> <u>alascanus</u>)	23.6	0.1	36	0.2
Sculpin Unidentified (Cottidae)	18.5	0.1	14	0.1
Jellyfish Unidentified (Scyphozoa)	11.5	0.1	13	0.1
Eelpout Unidentifed (Zoarcidae)	7.6	<.1	7	<.1
Golden King Crab (<u>Lithodes</u> <u>aeguispina</u>)	4.3	<.1	2	<.1
Smooth Lumpsucker (Aptocyclus ventricosus)	3.0	<.1	1	<.1
Shortraker Rockfish (<u>Sebastes</u> <u>borealis</u>)	3.0	<.1	1	<.1
Oregon Triton (<u>Fusitriton</u> <u>oregonensis</u>)	2.1	<.1	13	0.1
Longsnout Prickleback (<u>Lumpenella</u> <u>longirostris</u>)	0.7	<.1	3	<.1
Snailfish Unidentified (Cyclopteridae)	0.7	<.1	8	<.1
Ctenodiscus Sp. (Goniopectinidae)	0.6	<.1	13	0.1
Hermit Crab Unidentified (Paguridae)	0.4	<.1	4	<.1
Sea Pen Unidentified (Pennatulacea)	0.2	<.1	1	<.1
Sea Cucumber Unidentified (Holothuroidea)	0.1	<.1	1	<.1
Basketstarfish (<u>Gorgonocephalus</u> <u>caryi</u>)	0.1	<u> <.1</u>	1	<u> <.1</u>
Totals	16,281.6	100.0	17,246	100.0

Table 8. Summary of pollock biological samples and measurements from the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey of the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2, leg 1.

HAUL				FISH	OVARY	STOMACH	LAMPREY	
NO. I	ENGTH	MATURITY	OTOLITH	WGT	WGT	SCAN	SCAN	GENETIC
_		_	_		_			
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	354	100	100	100	50	16	100	0
3	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	311	84	84	84	40	15	84	0
5	309	110	110	110	41	0	73	30
6	369	100	100	100	20	0	100	20
7	48	0	0	0	0	0	48	0
8	619	47	47	47	0	0	15	0
9	280	67	67	67	2	0	0	0
10	255	49	49	49	4	16	0	0
11	353	66	66	66	8	16	0	0
12	296	81	81	81	40	4	81	0
13	269	56	56	56	0	16	0	0
14	47	47	47	47	14	8	47	0
15	210	99	99	99	95	0	99	14
16	318	109	109	109	86	0	109	11
17	110	94	94	94	72	0	94	15
18	365	128	128	128	42	0	128	10
19	329	105	105	105	97	0	105	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	368	49	49	49	18	0	49	0
22	257	62	62	62	5	0	62	0
23	328	60	60	0	0	0	60	0
24	335	59	59	59	17	0	59	0
25	349	81	81	81	12	0	81	0
26	243	103	103	103	25	0	103	0
TOTAL	6886	1756	1756	1696	688	91	1497	100

Table 9. Summary of pollock biological samples and measurements from the winter 1992 EIMWT pollock survey of the Gulf of Alaska, <u>Miller Freeman</u> cruise 92-2, leg 2.

HAUL				FISH	OVARY	STOMACH	LAMPREY		
NO.	LENGTH	MATURITY	OTOLITH	WGT	WGT	SCAN	SCAN	GENETIC	FECUNDITY
0.5	207	0.5	0.5	٥٢	2.0	0	•	0	•
27	327	85	85	85	38	0	0	0	0
28	449	72	72	72	32	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	61	61	0	0	0	32	0	0	0
32	395	70	70	70	1	0	0	0	0
33	217	54	54	54	4	32	54	0	0
34	393	111	111	111	0	0	111	0	0
35	153	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0
36	282	92	92	92	17	0	92	0	0
37	327	98	98	98	2	0	98	0	0
38	343	111	0	0	0	28	111	0	0
39	387	137	0	0	0	16	0	0	0
40	294	49	49	49	10	0	49	0	0
41	285	99	0	0	0	21	0	0	0
42	261	56	56	56	0	12	56	0	0
43	104	104	0	0	0	8	0	0	0
44	259	72	72	72	2	0	72	0	0
45	273	87	87	87	2	0	87	0	0
46	384	112	112	112	11	0	112	0	0
47	529	88	0	0	0	17	0	0	0
48	333	127	127	127	0	20	127	0	0
49	396	91	91	91	0	0	91	0	0
50	197	55	55	55	26	0	55	15	21
51	174	85	85	85	6	0	85	15	0
52	176	110	110	110	23	0	110	0	0
53	266	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
54	215	130	130	0	0	0	130	0	0
55	317	95	95	95	37	0	95	20	11
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	ō	0	Ō	0	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō
59	268	88	Ö	ŏ	Ō	2	Ō	ō	Ö
60	132	93	93	Ö	Ō	0	93	Ō	Ö
TOTAL	8197	2529	1744	1521	211	203	1628	50	32

Table 10. Inventory of CTD casts, Miller Freeman cruise 92-2.

CAST	HAUL	DATE	TIME	POSIT	ION	DEPTH (m)	COMMENTS
		(1992)	(AST)	LAT (N)	LONG (W)		
							
1	-	Feb 22	0019	57 29.7	152 52.0	59/67	cal. Ugak Bay
2	1	Feb 22	2116	55 35.7	155 49.3	174/185	near Chirikof
3	2	Feb 25	1415	55 41.8	163 05.5	58/70	EBS Tr. 1.0
4	3,4	Feb 26	1559	56 02.5	164 26.1	78/90	EBS Tr. 4.0
5	5	Feb 27	0321	54 49.6	164 52.5	63/71	EBS Tr. 5.0
6	6	Feb 27	1121	55 42.1	164 53.1	86/96	EBS Tr. 5.0
7	7	Feb 27	2300	54 53.5	165 16.8	113/123	EBS Tr. 6.0
8	8	Feb 28	1140	54 15.1	165 44.0	92/102	EBS Tr. 7.0
9	9	Feb 28	1833	54 46.5	165 46.6	185/198	EBS Tr. 7.0
10	10	Feb 29	0314	55 38.2	166 06.2	113/121	EBS Tr. 7.1
11	11	Feb 29	1308	55 02.2	166 12.5	130/139	EBS Tr. 8.0
12	13	Mar 01	0937	54 50.7	167 03.0	288/307	EBS Tr. 10.0
13	14	Mar 01	2142	54 15.7	166 59.5	684/1281	EBS Tr. 10.0
14	15	Mar 02	0935	54 32.2	167 32.5	679/699	EBS Tr. 12.0
15	17	Mar 03	0841	54 09.1	168 05.9	609/2123	EBS Tr. 14.0
16	19	Mar 05	0611	53 02.9	169 18.2	773/1016	EBS Tr. 18.0
17	20	Mar 06	1258	53 57.0	168 17.2	673/1702	EBS Tr. 21.0
	1,22	Mar 07	0249	54 30.2	167 53.8	588/1085	EBS Tr. 22.0
	3,24	Mar 07	2140	54 22.8	167 35.7	624/796	near Bog. Is.
20	25	Mar 08	0654	53 43.7	167 43.3	680/1874	EBS Tr. 23.0
21	26	Mar 09	1117	54 06.9	162 25.1	644/805	Sanak Tr.3.0
22	27	Mar 14	0059	57 59.8	152 20.3	334/350	GOA Tr. 3.0
23	28	Mar 14	0727	57 59.3	152 33.6	172/183	GOA Tr. 9.0
24	29	Mar 15	0341	58 06.9	150 31.2	170/178	GOA Tr. 23.0
25	30	Mar 16	0751	57 09.8	151 00.6	515/593	GOA Tr. 35.0
26	31	Mar 16	1422	57 31.3	151 28.5	130/137	GOA Tr. 40.0
27	32	Mar 18	0021	56 30.6	153 39.4	123/134	GOA Tr. 61.0
28	33	Mar 20	0313	56 10.6	156 05.9	231/242	SH Tr. 102.0
	4,35	Mar 20	1013	56 19.9	156 14.7	260/275	SH Tr. 103.0
30	36	Mar 21	0152	56 37.6	155 28.6	144/154	SH Tr. 106.0
	7,38	Mar 21	0548	56 41.6	155 56.6	283/298	SH Tr. 106.0
32	39	Mar 21	1712	56 48.9	155 48.8	284/295	SH Tr. 107.0
33 40		Mar 22	1659	57 15.2	155 30.6		SH Tr. 111.0
34	42	Mar 23	0017	57 11.1	155 06.3	212/221	SH Tr. 111.0
35 43	•	Mar 23	1130	57 26.7	155 04.0	•	SH Tr. 113.0
36	45	Mar 23	1447	57 27.6	154 45.8		SH Tr. 113.1
37 46		Mar 23	1947	57 36.1	155 19.3	•	SH Tr. 114.0
38	48	Mar 24	0934	57 45.2	154 11.1	161/179	SH Tr. 118.0
39 49	-	Mar 24	1409	57 55.9	154 33.0		SH Tr. 118.0
40	51	Mar 24	2336	58 03.9	154 11.2	260/280	SH Tr. 120.1
41		Mar 25	1104	58 12.9	153 01.9		al. Malina Bay
42 52	•	Mar 25	1905	58 06.7	154 09.3	287/298	SH Tr. 204.0
43	54	Mar 26	0536	58 02.3	154 18.1	248/267	SH Tr. 208.0
44	55	Mar 26	1439	57 52.4 54 40 7	154 55.5 156 09.5		SH Tr. 214.0
45 56	-	Mar 29	0847	54 40.7 54 59.0	156 09.5		CH Tr. 311.0 CH Tr. 312.0
46 47	58 50	Mar 29	2127	56 20.9	155 41.2	501/1552 63/73	CH Tr. 312.0
47 49	59 60	Mar 30 Mar 31	0909 1021	58 04.8	155 41.2	•	CH Tr. 317.0
48	60	Mar 11	1021	30 04.6	T34 TT.2	269/289	Cn 11. 31/.0

Tr. = Transect

Table 11. Inventory of XBT drops, Miller Freeman cruise 92-2.

DROP	HAUL DATE			TIME	POSITION				BOTTOM	COMMENTS	
NO.*		(199	2)	(AST)	LAT	r (N)	LONG	G (W)	DEPTH (m)		
					•,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	
22	_	Feb	25	1021		37.4		05.8	60	EBS Tr	. 1.0
23	-	Feb	25	2054	56	13.4	163	32.8	84	EBS Tr	. 2.0
24	_	Feb	26	0202	55	12.3	163	33.3	44	EBS Tr	. 2.0
25	_	Feb	26	0642	55	39.6	164	00.0	93	EBS Tr	. 3.0
26	_	Feb	27	1818	55	35.6	164	26.5	94	EBS Tr	. 4.0
27	-	Feb	27	2007	55	13.2	164	26.6	92	EBS Tr	. 4.0
28	_	Feb	27	1830	55	11.9	165	20.1	112	EBS Tr	. 6.0
29	-	Feb	28	0209	54	24.7	165	20.4	161	EBS Tr	. 6.0
30	-	Feb	29	0920	55	10.7	166	13.1	133	EBS Tr	. 8.0
31	-	Feb	29	1705	54	25.8	166	14.3	500	EBS Tr	. 8.0
32	16	Mar	02	1609	53	54.6	167	34.0	>1300	EBS Tr	. 12.0
33		BAD DROP!									
34	18	Mar	03	1426	53	50.7	168	06.9	1830	EBS Tr	. 14.0
35	-	Mar	03	2248	54	42.3	168	27.5	1922	EBS Tr	. 15.0
36		BAD DROP!									
37	-	Mar	04	0744	53	24.8	168	44.6	732	EBS Tr	. 16.0
38	_	Mar	04	1454	54	01.7	169	01.7	1830	EBS Tr	. 17.0
39		BAD DROP!									
40	-	Mar	04	1946	54	27.9	169	19.1	2131	EBS Tr	. 18.0
41	-	Mar	04	2352	53	38.1	169	18.4	2195	EBS Tr	. 18.0

^{*} XBT drops 1-21 on MF92-1. Tr. = Transect